



- b. A thermometer is dipped in a vessel containing liquid at a constant temperature of $\theta_i(t)$. The Thermometer has a thermal capacitance for storing heat as C and the thermal resistance to limit heat flow as R. If the temperature indicated by the thermometer is $\theta_0(t)$, obtain the transfer function of the system. (08 Marks)
 - OR
- 4 a. Reduce the block diagram shown in Fig. Q4 (a) to its simplest possible form and find its closed loop transfer function. (08 Marks)





(10 Marks)

b. Use MANSON's gain formula to obtain transfer function of the system shown in Fig.Q4 (b). (08 Marks)



Module-3

5 a. Derive an expression for the unit step response of first order system. (08 Marks) b. Ascertain the stability of the system given by the characteristic equation, $s^5 + 2s^4 + 3s^3 + 6s^2 + 2s + 1 = 0$ using R-H criteria. (08 Marks)

OR

6 Sketch the root locus plot for, $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$. For what values of K the system becomes unstable. (16 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Explain Gain cross over frequency, phase cross over frequency and Nyquist stability criterion. (04 Marks)
 - b. Apply Nyquist stability criterion to the system with transfer function, $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$ and calculate the range of values of K for stability. (12 Marks)

OR

8 The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is,

$$G(s) = \frac{Ke^{-0.1s}}{s(1+0.1s)(1+s)}$$

9

Sketch the Bode plot, determine the value of K so that the gain margin of the system is 20 dB. (16 Marks)

<u>Module-5</u>

- a. Explain state, state vector, state space. (03 Marks)
 b. Explain series compensator. (03 Marks)
 - c. Derive the state model for the transfer function given below: $\frac{Y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{12}{6s^3 + 12s^2 + 3s + 24}.$

